

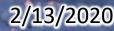
Sabbaticals and the Scientific Method

A joint presentation to the

Academic Affairs, Student Affairs and Personnel Committee and the Research and Innovation, Legal and Legislative Affairs Committee

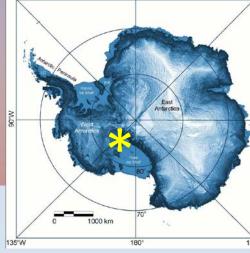
Reed Scherer, BoT Professor

Department of Geology & Environmental Geosciences



- NSF-funded WISSARD Project (2009-2015)
 - Drilling through the West Antarctic Ice Sheet to study ice sheet stability and history
 - Relevant to society because knowing the history of ice sheet changes provides key constraints for models that forecast future behavior in a rapidly warming, CO₂-enhanced world







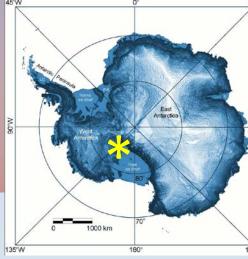






- Among the many discoveries, our research showed a very surprising and controversial finding based on analysis of subglacial sediment cores
- We then broadened our analyses to include subglacial sediments we'd recovered years ago













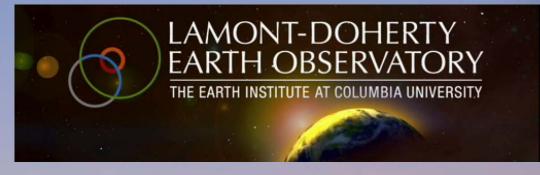
Northern Illinois University

- Our chief finding:
 - Following the end of the last Ice Age, ~9,000 years ago, the West Antarctic Ice Sheet retreated much faster and much further than previously known
 - Retreat then halted and the ice sheet regrew to its current configuration, suggesting some previously unknown resilience



- We knew that publishing our findings in the peer-reviewed literature was going to be difficult - the scientific community would be resistant
 - The peer-review process often requires convincing skeptical colleagues (often our competitors for research funding) to change their understanding
 - For maximum impact we strive to publish in the most competitive journals
 - Nature Magazine is the highest ranked scientific journal, accepting only 7.7% of submitted research papers (following a very long vetting process).



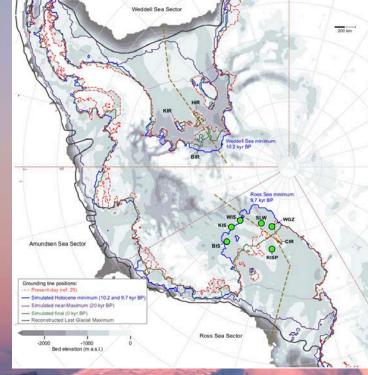


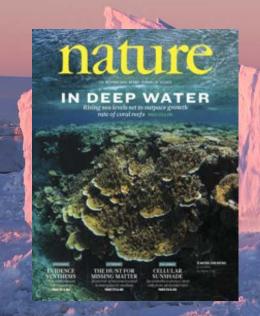
- A break from teaching was needed to allow me to focus on the difficult process of writing the manuscript
 - (note that colleagues at most large research universities have lower teaching loads)
- For my 2016 sabbatical I contacted a colleague at Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO), Columbia University, NY and was offered a formal invitation to be Visiting Senior Scientist

A talk I gave at Columbia on WISSARD research turned into a game-changer!

- Joining forces with my new colleagues resulted in a paradigm-changing paper in *Nature* (published June, 2018)
 - NIU co-authors include Profs. Ross Powell & Nathan Stansell, Ph.D. Candidate Jason Coenen, and NIU alumni Slawek Tulaczyk
- This paper is ranked in the top 1% of scientific research papers in terms of impact (Altimetric score of 263).





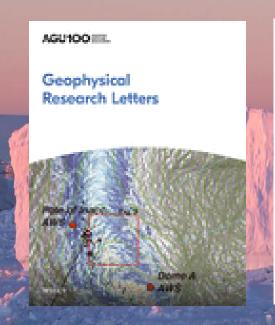


Extensive retreat and re-advance of the West Antarctic Ice Sheet during the Holocene

J. Kingslake^{1,6*}, R. P. Scherer^{2,6}, T. Albrecht^{3,6}, J. Coenen², R. D. Powell², R. Reese³, N. D. Stansell², S. Tulaczyk⁴, M. G. Wearing¹ & P. L. Whitehouse⁵

Student Success

- This is only one of a number of prominent WISSARD Project papers, several led by graduate students
- Most recently, Coenen et al., 2019 (just out in print this week)



Geophysical Research Letters

Research Letter

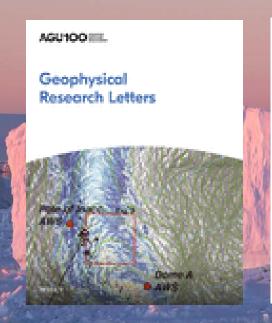
Paleogene marine and terrestrial development of the West Antarctic Rift System

J.J. Coenen 🔀, R. Scherer, P. Baudoin, S. Warny, I.S. Castañeda, R. Askin

First published:19 December 2019 | https://doi.org/10.1029/2019GL085281

Student Success

- Jason can certainly attest to the fact that publishing peer-reviewed research papers is a painful, even gut-wrenching process
 - It requires extraordinary levels of patience, perseverance and the development of a very thick skin! This is similarly the case with obtaining research grants.
 - The chief reward is the respect and esteem of colleagues around the world.
 - This extends to your institution!



Geophysical Research Letters

Research Letter

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During the sabbatical, I also:

- Gave talks at 5 different universities
- Attended and spoke at 2 research conferences
- Submitted (and was awarded) a \$10,000 research grant from the Columbia University Climate Research Foundation
 - Used to support NIU undergraduate student research
- Developed new lines of research and new collaborations
- Held regular Skype meetings with my graduate and undergraduate students
- Had numerous media contacts

Media contacts

- During the 2016 sabbatical I was interviewed by numerous US and international print and broadcast media regarding my research findings, including the Washington Post and Popular Science, with a potential reach of 60 million readers, not counting Twitter and Facebook hits
- Media from the 2018 Nature paper was cited by 40 major news outlets with a reach of 215 million readers, not including Twitter or Facebook
 - Advertising Value Equivalency (AVE) of \$2M

Typical timeline for a scientific research project: 5-8 years

Cultivate an idea & mature a hypothesis into a viable research proposal: 1-2+ years

Prepare and submit the research proposal:

Continue this or other research while waiting for proposal results:
1 year

If not funded on first go (likely), revise & resubmit, wait for result:
1 year

• Once funded, perform research: 2-4+ years

Prepare manuscript for publication based on new results
1-2 years

• Submit, wait for reviews, revise & resubmit (repeat as needed): 2± years

Somewhat analogous to a small start-up business, from idea to profitibility



Sabbatical leaves are a critical component of all research universities

- They enhance the profile of the home institution
- They offer important professional development opportunities for the faculty
- Increase likelihood of future grant funding
- Inform and revitalize pedagogy
- Can offer critical connections, networking and career opportunities for our students (e.g., graduate programs, research collaborations & jobs)
- All of which pay dividends in enhancing NIU's profile, grant dollars and student career success!

• THANK YOU